2-6 Additional Practice

The Quadratic Formula

Use the Quadratic Formula to solve the equation. Show your work.

1.
$$x^2 - 15x + 7 = 0$$
 2. $3x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0$

Use two different methods to solve the equations. Show your work.

3.
$$x^2 + 4x - 5 = 0$$

Use the discriminant to describe the solutions as one real, two real, or two imaginary solutions.

4.
$$x^2 - 15x + 12 = 0$$
 5. $3x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0$

- 6. Find the value(s) of k that will cause the equation $4x^2 + kx + 4$ to have zero real solutions, one real solution, or two real solutions.
- 7. Margaret runs a business. This year's revenue is given by the function $R = -0.5x^2 200x$. Can her revenue be at least \$25,000 this year?

2-6 Additional Practice

The Quadratic Formula

Use the Quadratic Formula to solve the equation. Show your work.

1.
$$x^{2} - 15x + 7 = 0$$

 $x = \frac{15 \pm \sqrt{(-15)^{2} - 4(1)(7)}}{2 \times 1}$
 $= \frac{15 \pm \sqrt{197}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{15 \pm \sqrt{197}}{2}$ or $x = \frac{15 - \sqrt{197}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{15 + \sqrt{197}}{2}$ or $x = \frac{15 - \sqrt{197}}{2}$ or $x = \frac{-1 + i\sqrt{2}}{3}$ or $x = \frac{-1 - i\sqrt{2}}{3}$

Use two different methods to solve the equations. Show your work.

3.
$$x^{2} + 4x - 5 = 0$$

Method 1: $x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^{2} - 4(1)(-5)}}{2 \times 1}$ Method 2: $x^{2} - x + 5x - 5 = 0$
 $= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{36}}{2}$ $x(x - 1) + 5(x - 1) = 0$
 $x = 1 \text{ or } x = -5$ $x = 1 \text{ or } x = -5$

Use the discriminant to describe the solutions as one real, two real, or two imaginary solutions.

- 4. $x^2 15x + 12 = 0$ 5. $3x^2 6x + 4 = 0$ $(-15)^2 4(1)(12)$ $(-6)^2 4(3)(4)$ = 177 > 0= -12 < 0Two real solutions.Two imaginary solutions.
- 6. Find the value(s) of k that will cause the equation $4x^2 + kx + 4$ to have zero real solutions, one real solution, or two real solutions.

Zero real solutions: $k^2 - 4(4)(4) < 0$ $k^2 - 64 < 0$ so -8 < k < 8One real solution: $k^2 - 4(4)(4) = 0$ $k^2 - 64 = 0$ so $k = \pm 8$ Two real solutions: $k^2 - 4(4)(4) > 0$ $k^2 - 64 > 0$ so k < -8 or k > 8

7. Margaret runs a business. This year's revenue is given by the function $R = -0.5x^2 - 200x$. Can her revenue be at least \$25,000 this year?

 $25,000 = -0.5x^2 - 200x$ $-0.5x^2 - 200x - 25,000 = 0$ $(-200)^2 - 4(-0.5)(-25,000) = 40,000 - 50,000 = -10,000 < 0$ No, she cannot generate \$25,000.