



7-3 Additional Practice

Trigonometric Functions and Real Numbers

Find the sine and cosine of each angle.

1. 90°

2. 135°

3. 270°

4. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

5. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

6. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

Find the coordinate of the terminal point for each angle.

7. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

8. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

9. $\frac{5\pi}{3}$

10. 315°

11. 210°

12. 240°

Solve.

13. What is the $\sin \theta$ if $\cos \theta = \frac{-6}{10}$ and θ is in Quadrant II?

14. What is the $\cos \theta$ if the $\sin \theta = \frac{-16}{20}$ and θ is in Quadrant III?

What is the tangent of each angle?

15. $\frac{11\pi}{6}$

16. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

17. $\frac{5\pi}{3}$

18. -750°

19. 30°

20. 135°

Find the secant, cosecant, and cotangent for each angle.

21. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

22. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

23. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

24. 330°

25. 120°

26. 240°

27. Alejandro said the cotangent of 180° is 0. Is he correct? Explain.

28. Alex is standing at the 2 o'clock position on a circle in the center of a soccer field. He passes the ball to a player who is located at the 10 o'clock position. The radii to the positions of the two players forms a central angle of the circle. What are the degree and radian measures of the angle?



7-3 Additional Practice

Trigonometric Functions and Real Numbers

Find the sine and cosine of each angle.

1. 90° **1; 0**

2. 135° **$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}; -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$**

3. 270° **-1; 0**

4. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ **$\frac{1}{2}; \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$**

5. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ **$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}; -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$**

6. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ **$\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$**

Find the coordinate of the terminal point for each angle.

7. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ **$(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$**

8. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ **(0, 1)**

9. $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ **$(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$**

10. 315° **$(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})$**

11. 210° **$(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2})$**

12. 240° **$(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$**

Solve.

13. What is the $\sin \theta$ if $\cos \theta = \frac{-6}{10}$ and θ is in Quadrant II? **$\frac{8}{10}$**

14. What is the $\cos \theta$ if the $\sin \theta = \frac{-16}{20}$ and θ is in Quadrant III?
 $-\frac{12}{20}$

What is the tangent of each angle?

15. $\frac{11\pi}{6}$ **$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$**

16. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ **1**

17. $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ **$-\sqrt{3}$**

18. -75° **$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$**

19. 30° **$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$**

20. 135° **-1**

Find the secant, cosecant, and cotangent for each angle.

21. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ **$\sqrt{2}; \sqrt{2}; 1$**

22. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ **$\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}; 2; \sqrt{3}$**

23. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ **$-\sqrt{2}; \sqrt{2}; -1$**

24. 330° **$\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}; -2; -\sqrt{3}$**

25. 120° **$-2; \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}; -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$**

26. 240° **$-2; -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}; \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$**

27. Alejandro said the cotangent of 180° is 0. Is he correct? Explain.

Alejandro is incorrect. Sample answer: The $\cot 180^\circ$ is undefined. $\cot 180^\circ = \frac{\cos 180^\circ}{\sin 180^\circ} = \frac{-1}{0}$.

28. Alex is standing at the 2 o'clock position on a circle in the center of a soccer field. He passes the ball to a player who is located at the 10 o'clock position. The radii to the positions of the two players forms a central angle of the circle. What are the degree and radian measures of the angle? **$120^\circ; \frac{2\pi}{3}$**